PSYCHOLOGY CLASS – XI

SYLLABUS

Unit-I Psychology as a Science of Behaviour:

Nature of psychology, Importance of psychology in life. Its concept and Definition-Fields of Psychology-Relationship of Psychology with Physiology, Sociology and Education.

Unit-II Methods of Psychology:

Introspection, observation, Experimental and Case History Methods.

Unit-III Psychological Basis of Behaviour:

Response Mechanism: Meaning, Definition and Parts, i.e. Receptors, Effectors and Connections- Basic Unit of Nervous System: The Neurons and its kinds-Nerve Impulse and Reflex Action-Classification of Receptors according to Position and Function. Major Parts of Brain and their functions-The structure and function of Spinal Cord-The structure and function of Autonomic Nervous System, Endocrine glands and the effect of their Harmones on Behaviour.

Unit-IV Sensory Processes

Definition, Meaning, Threshold and characteristics of Sensationskinds of sensations with special reference to visual sensation.

-Eye as a Sense Organ-Colour Blindness and After Images.

Unit-V: Perception: Nature and Meaning. Difference between Illusions and Hallucinations.

Unit-VI: Attention: Meaning, Definition and characteristics of Attention-Factors affecting attention-span, Division and Distraction of Attention.

Unit-VII: Learning: Meaning, Definition and views regarding Nature of Learning- Characteristics of Learning-Methods and theories of Learning: Leaning through trial and error, Insight theory of Learning. Laws of lemming.

Unit-VIII: Memory: Meaning, Definition and characteristics of Memory-Kinds of Memory-Processes of Memory: Recognition, Retention, Recall, Memorization-Forgetting and its Causes.

EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Negative After image
- 2. Mapping of Sensory Spots in the skin
- 3. Mapping of blind spot
- 4. Span of Attention
- 5. Mirror Drawing Experiment
- 6. Retention by Recall
- 7. Immediate Memory Span
- 8. Division of Attention