

Question Bank for Differently Abled students

Class- VIII

Session- 2022-23

1. What did the author want to buy?

- a) a computer b) a television c) a telephone d) a printer

Ans. a computer

2. Which features of the Bell computer attracted her the most?

- a) fastest processor b) high storage c) both a and b d) none of the above

Ans. both a and b

3. Which household chore was not done by the author?

- a) taking the garbage out b) washing the car
c) mowing the lawn d) washing the clothes

Ans. washing the clothes

4. She wanted to earn more and more during the _____ break.

- a) summer break b) winter break
c) autumn break d) spring break

Ans. summer break

5. What will happen or continue forever?

- a) single use plastic b) life c) earth d) none of the above

Ans. single-use plastic

6. What should people use less?

- a) water b) sun c) plastic d) none of the above

Ans. plastic

7. Who should change one's ways for Earth to be a better place?

- a) humans
b) animals
c) plastic
d) plants

Ans. Humans

8. Who governed Shining province in Japan?

- a) president
b) prime minister
c) courtiers
d) despotic leader

Ans. despotic leader

9. Where did the poor farmer and his aged mother live?

- a) at the foot of the mountain.
b) near the river
c) on a hill
d) in the valley

Ans. at the foot of the mountain

10. What did the farmer carry to the top of the mountain?

- a) some bread b) river Water c) rice d) none of the above

Ans. rice

11. What did the old woman drop along the way?

- a) pebbles
- b) twigs
- c) branches
- d) coins

Ans. twigs

12. Where was Saint Ravidas born?

- a) Banaras
- b) Calcutta
- c) Panipat
- d) Lucknow

Ans. Banaras

13. What did Saint Ravidas want to gain?

- a) technical knowledge
- b) general knowledge
- c) spiritual knowledge
- d) virtual knowledge

Ans. spiritual knowledge

14. Who got caught in the net laid down by the hunter?

- a) she-deer
- b) rabbit
- c) fish
- d) fox

Ans. she-deer

15. What is man's most sacred duty according to Saint Ravidas?

- a) to help someone cross the road
- b) to bring peace to a troubled heart
- c) to be free of evils
- d) to always speak the truth

Ans. to bring peace to a troubled heart

16. How many sons did the old farmer have?

- a) five
- b) four
- c) three
- d) two

Ans. three

17. What did the farmer want to divide among his sons?

- a) duty
- b) food
- c) sweets
- d) property

Ans. property

18. How did Sandeep help the old sage?

- a) he found water for him.
- b) he carried him on his back.
- c) he helped him cross the river.
- d) he gave him food to eat.

Ans. he found water for him.

19. What was Harry's wish?

- a) He wanted a big house and a poultry farm.
- b) He wanted a field and ten cows.
- c) He wanted a big house and a field.
- d) He wanted a big house and ten cows.

Ans. He wanted a big house and ten cows.

20. Why were Harry's and Raman's gifts snatched away?

- a) They did not help the poor.
- b) They did not keep their promise.
- c) They did not help the needy.
- d) All of the above

Ans. All of the above

21. Where did Mr. Matthew take the students for a trip?

- a) Punjab
- b) Gujarat
- c) Madhya Pradesh
- d) Karnataka

Ans. Punjab

22. What does the famous folk dance of Punjab show?

- a) The great zest for life of the Punjabis
- b) Punjabis are not hardworking.
- c) Punjabis are not self-respecting.
- d) None of the above

Ans. The great zest for life of the Punjabis

23. How did Lala Lajpat Rai die?

- a) in an accident
- b) of old age
- c) of ailment
- d) of a brutal Lathi charge

Ans. of a brutal Lathi-charge

24. When did Jallianwala Bagh massacre take place?

- a) 13 July 1947
- b) 13 January 1919
- c) 13 April 1947
- d) 13 April 1919

Ans. 13 April 1919

25. Where is Anandpur Sahib situated?

- a) on the left bank of Sutlej river
- b) on the right bank of Sutlej river
- c) on the bank of river Ravi
- d) on the bank of river Beas

Ans. on the left bank of the Sutlej river

26. Where does the poet keep his books?

- a) on the shelves
- b) in the almirah
- c) on the table
- d) in a box

Ans. on the shelves

27. What is the condition of books?

- a) old and worn
- b) stained

- c) faded
- d) new

Ans. old and worn

28. How old was the poet since his books are with him?

- a) 10 years old
- b) 8 years old
- c) 7 years old
- d) 11 years old

Ans. 10 years old

29. Who according to the poet will always be the lucky ones?

- a) Those who have friends
- b) Those who are kind
- c) Those who love books
- d) Those who are rich

Ans. Those who love books

30. What did the shop owner write on the sign board?

- a) Come and buy puppies
- b) Looking for my lost puppy
- c) Free puppies
- d) Puppies for sale

Ans. Puppies for Sale

31. What was the name of the mother of the puppies?

- a) Dolly
- b) Polly
- c) Lily
- d) Holly

Ans. Dolly

32. How many puppies were there to choose from?

- a) 5
- b) 4
- c) 3
- d) 2

Ans. 5

33. Which puppy did the boy pick?

- a) The one with black spots
- b) The one with shaky eyes
- c) The one with a limp
- d) The one with big ears

Ans. The one with a limp

34. What does Seema love?

- a) dolls
- b) her friends
- c) watching movies
- d) automobiles

Ans. automobiles

35. Who did Seema call who was equally interested in driving?

- a) her friend
- b) her mother
- c) her father
- d) her brother

Ans. her friend

36. Where did the two plan to go by car?

- a) to a huge shopping complex
- b) to school
- c) on a drive
- d) to a restaurant

Ans. to a huge shopping complex

37. What did the police man ask them to show?

- a) identity card
- b) report card
- c) driving licence
- d) ration card

Ans. driving licence

38. Where were the two policemen hiding?

- a) behind the wall
- b) behind the car
- c) behind the rock
- d) behind the tree

Ans. Behind the tree

39. Who are the defenders of our borders?

- a) doctors
- b) teachers
- c) soldiers
- d) players

Ans. soldiers

40. What kind of life does a soldier live according to the poet?

- a) of a normal man
- b) of a rich man
- c) of a Yogi
- d) none of the above

Ans. of a Yogi

41. What do they give to the nation according to the poet?

- a) youth
- b) property
- c) children
- d) none of the above

Ans. youth

42. Who was Marco Polo?

- a) a magician
- b) an adventurer
- c) a merchant
- d) both b and c

Ans. both b and c

43. Where did Marco Polo spend 17 years of his life?

- a) China
- b) Western Asia
- c) North Africa
- d) Southern Europe

Ans. China

44. Who went with him on his first voyage?

- a) his mother and father
- b) his uncle and aunt
- c) his brother and sister
- d) his father and uncle

Ans. his father and uncle

45. How long did it take him to reach China?

- a) 3 years
- b) 3 days
- c) 3 months
- d) 3 decades

Ans. 3 years

46. What impressed Marco Polo in China?

- a) architecture
- b) monuments
- c) wealth and luxury
- d) culture

Ans. wealth and luxury

47. How did he serve the emperor in China?

- a) He became his advisor
- b) He became his minister
- c) He became his helper
- d) He became his messenger

Ans. He became his messenger

48. What was the name of a book on Marco Polo?

- a) The Journeys of Marco Polo
- b) The Voyages of Marco Polo
- c) The Adventures of Marco Polo
- d) The Travels of Marco Polo

Ans. The Travels of Marco Polo

Fill in the blanks

49. The of her own computer made her unhappy.

- a) limitations
- b) advertisement
- c) obsession
- d) articles

Ans. limitations

50. The parents offered her to do house

- a) opportunity
- b) chores
- c) efficient
- d) computer

Ans. chores

51. The narrator realized how changes.

- a) people
- b) technology
- c) environment
- d) work

Ans. technology

52. She ended up investing it in a account.

- a) current
- b) business
- c) savings
- d) joint

Ans. savings

53. plastic lasts almost forever.

- a) single-use
- b) monthly
- c) clever
- d) future

Ans. Single-use

54. Earth wants us to change our

- a) months
- b) place
- c) days
- d) ways

Ans. ways

55. The wind sometimes carry single-use plastic and itin trees.
a) tangles b) travels c) drops d) oceans
Ans. tangles
56. The despotic leader had a great dislike for failing
a) custom b) habits c) love d) health
Ans. health
57. The order by the despot filled the poor farmer's heart with
a) sorrow b) anger c) joy d) happiness
Ans. sorrow
58. The despot ordered that people should present him with a rope of
a) straw b) ash c) grass d) plastic
Ans. ash
59. The son hid his old mother beneath thefloor.
a) bedroom b) kitchen c) bathroom d) dining
Ans. kitchen
60. What was realised by the Governor in the end?
a) old age meant experience of life b) old age meant weakness
c) both of these d) none of these
Ans. old age meant experience of life
61. Whenever morality shows signs of, some saint appears on the scene.
a) decay b) rise c) growth d) prosperity
Ans. decay
62. Banaras is a holy city of the
a) Muslims b) Sikhs c) Christians d) Hindus
Ans. Hindus
63. Saint Ravidas was only interested in matters related to
a) money b) property c) spirit d) life
Ans. spirit
64. The she-deer and her young ones were a painful picture of
a) misery b) happiness c) love d) anger
Ans. misery
65. Life is with its twists and turns.
a) normal b) usual c) ordinary d) queer
Ans. queer
66. Don't give up when the pace seems
a) fast b) slow c) easy d) calm
Ans. slow
67. He learned too late that he was very close to
a) success b) failure c) fight d) struggle
Ans. success
68. The moral of the poem 'Don't Quit' is that.....
a) We should face the difficulties of life.
b) We should enjoy our success only.
c) We should quit.
d) All of the above
Ans. We should face the difficulties of life
69. The sage gave a piece of to Raman.
a) cloth b) stick c) rope d) cake
Ans. stick
70. The old farmer had three sons.
a) active b) lazy c) hardworking d) wise

Ans. lazy

71. Punjab is the of India.

- a) granary b) capital c) arsenal d) factory

Ans. granary

72. The Golden Temple has a around it.

- a) land b) ocean c) river d) tank

Ans. tank

73. The little boy chose the puppy.

- a) limping b) jumping c) playing d) sleeping

Ans. limping

74. He didn't want to lower the of the lame puppy.

- a) strength b) gift c) talent d) value

Ans. value

75. Seema read about cars and their mechanism on the

- a) TV b) advertisement c) internet d) newspaper

Ans. internet

76. Road rules and the traffic signals are for the of the road users.

- a) safety b) dangers c) risks d) chaos

Ans. safety

77. Marco Polo set out on his first voyage at the age of

- a) 20 b) 19 c) 18 d) 17

Ans. 17

78. He visited the holy city of

- a) Venice b) Genoa c) Jerusalem d) China

Ans. Jerusalem

79. Marco Polo was released from the prison in

- a) 1271 b) 1299 c) 1295 d) 1324

Ans. 1299

80. Marco Polo lived in China for many years and learnt to speak the language.

- a) local b) French c) German d) Italian

Ans. local

VOCABULARY (Match)

Antonyms

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| 81. accept | request |
| 82. before | after |
| 83. appear | decline |
| 84. blunt | sharp |
| 85. kind | disappear |
| 86. order | cruel |

Ans. decline, after, disappear, sharp, cruel, request

Choose the correct prefix for the word.

- | | |
|----------------|------|
| 87. happy | pre- |
| 88. read | dis- |
| 89. honest | un- |
| 90. correctim- | |
| 91. possible | in- |

92. paidmis-

Ans. unhappy, misread, dishonest, incorrect, impossible, prepaid

Choose the correct suffix for the word.

- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| 93. place | -or |
| 94. pot | -er |
| 95. act | -ion |
| 96. correct | -ian |
| 97. loyal | -ty |
| 98. electric | alignment |

Ans. placement, potter, actor, correction, loyalty, electrician

One Word for Many

- | | |
|--|-----------|
| 99. a list of books available in a library | glutton |
| 100. a person who eats too much | widow |
| 101. a woman whose husband is dead | catalogue |
| 102. something that can be heard | draw |
| 103. a game in which no one wins | polyglot |
| 104. a person who can speak many languages | audible |

Ans. catalogue, glutton, widow, audible, draw, polyglot

Match the Idioms with their meaning.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| 105. add insult to injury | a) happens very rare |
| 106. blessing in disguise | b) avoiding the main topic |
| 107. the ball is in your court | c) to worsen an unfavourable situation |
| 108. beat around the bush | d) when you complain about a loss from the past |
| 109. once in a blue moon | e) it's up to you to take the next step |
| 110. cry over spilt milk | f) something good that's not recognised at first |

Ans. c), f), e), b), a), d)

True/False

111. The shop owner wanted to sell kittens. (T/F)
Ans. False
112. The shop owner wanted to sell puppies. (T/F)
Ans. True
113. The narrator wanted to buy a laptop. (T/F)
Ans. False
114. The narrator did many house chores to earn money. (T/F)
Ans. True
115. Shining was a province in China. (T/F)
Ans. False
116. A farmer decided to leave his old mother on the top of a mountain. (T/F)
Ans. True
117. The farmer made a rope of ash the way his mother advised. (T/F)
Ans. True
118. Saint Ravidas was a son of a weaver. (T/F)
Ans. False
119. Saint Ravidas preached untouchability. (T/F)
Ans. False
120. Saint Ravidas' words of wisdom had changed the hunter's mind. (T/F)

- Ans. True
121. A rich farmer had three active sons. (T/F)
Ans. False
122. The three brothers sat down under a guava tree. (T/F)
Ans. False
123. Raman was granted a beautiful house and a poultry farm. (T/F)
Ans. True
124. Punjab is a land of great freedom fighters. (T/F)
Ans. True
125. Mr. Harold took his students on a trip to Amritsar. (T/F)
Ans. False
126. The state of Punjab was reorganised on the basis of Punjabi and Hindi languages. (T/F)
Ans. True
127. Guru Gobind Singh Ji founded Khalsa in 1699. (T/F)
Ans. True
128. One of the puppies was blind. (T/F)
Ans. False
129. The boy had enough money to buy a puppy. (T/F)
Ans. False
130. Seema and Bhavya planned to go to Sector 17. (T/F)
Ans. True
131. Bhavya had a driving license. (T/F)
Ans. False
132. Seema and Bhavya realised their mistake. (T/F)
Ans. True
133. Marco Polo was an adventurer. (T/F)
Ans. True
134. Marco Polo was born in 1256. (T/F)
Ans. False
135. Marco Polo was released from prison in 1299. (T/F)
Ans. True
136. The Travels of Marco Polo contains detailed stories of Marco Polo's life. (T/F)
Ans. True
137. Single-use plastic is good for environment. (T/F)
Ans. False
138. Books are our best friends. (T/F)
Ans. True
139. We should quit if we find the work difficult. (T/F)
Ans. False
140. Soldiers protect us from enemies. (T/F)
Ans. True

GRAMMAR

141. **Tell the type of the given sentence.**

Leave this place.

- i. Affirmative
- ii. Interrogative
- iii. Imperative
- iv. Exclamatory

Ans. Imperative

142. Tell the type of the given sentence.

May you grow wiser!

- i. Optative
- ii. Interrogative
- iii. Imperative
- iv. Exclamatory

Ans. Optative

143. Change the below sentence into interrogative sentence.

He may help you.

- i. May he help you.
- ii. May he help you?
- iii. may he help you?
- iv. May he help you!

Ans. May he help you?

144. Change the below sentence into assertive sentence.

How stiff the paper is!

- i. How stiff the paper is?
- ii. The paper is very stiff.
- iii. How is the stiff paper?
- iv. The paper is how stiff.

Ans. The paper is stiff.

145. What is the part of speech of the word 'although'?

- i. Adjective
- ii. Conjunction
- iii. Preposition
- iv. Interjection

Ans. Conjunction

146. Find out the verb from the given sentence.

How is your health?

- i. how
- ii. is
- iii. your
- iv. health

Ans. is

147. Fill in the blank with correct determiner.

I borrowed books from him.

- i. some
- ii. this
- iii. much
- iv. that

Ans. some

148. Correct the given sentence.

The iron is useful metal.

- i. The iron is a useful metal.
- ii. Iron is an useful metal.
- iii. Iron is the useful metal.
- iv. Iron is a useful metal.

Ans. Iron is a useful metal.

149. Find out the main verb from the given sentence.

Sushant is sitting in the kitchen.

- i. sitting
- ii. is
- iii. in
- iv. kitchen

Ans. sitting

150. State the kind of the verb used in the given sentence.

Babli closed the window.

- i. Transitive
- ii. Intransitive
- iii. Helping
- iv. Modal

Ans. Transitive

151. State the kind of the verb used in the given sentence.

It is snowing.

- i. Transitive
- ii. Intransitive
- iii. Modal
- iv. None of the above

Ans. Intransitive

152. Fill in the blank with correct degree of adjective.

Gold is than silver.

- i. expensive
- ii. more expensive
- iii. most expensive
- iv. expensiver

Ans. more expensive

153. Choose correct degrees of adjective of the word 'heavy'.

- i. heavier, heaviest
- ii. heavyer, heavyest
- iii. heavyier, heavyiest
- iv. more heavy, most heavy

Ans. heavier, heaviest

154. Choose correct degrees of adjective of the word 'little'.

- i. littler, littlest
- ii. littlier, littliest
- iii. more little, most little
- iv. less, least

Ans. less, least

155. Fill in the blank with correct degree of adjective.

My table is the of all.

- i. more big
- ii. bigger
- iii. most big
- iv. biggest

Ans. biggest

156. Pick out infinitive from the given sentence.

It is bad to cheat your family.

- i. cheat
- ii. is
- iii. to cheat
- iv. bad

Ans. to cheat

157. Pick out gerund from the given sentence.

We took part in boating.

- i. we
- ii. took
- iii. part
- iv. boating

Ans. boating

158. Fill in the blank using correct non-finite.

He urged us faster.

- i. to work
- ii. working
- iii. work
- iv. to working

Ans. to work

159. Combine the sentences using too/enough + infinitive.

You are very young. You can't have a gun.

- i. You are enough young to have a gun.
- ii. You are too young to have a gun.
- iii. You are to young too have a gun.
- iv. You are young too to have a gun.

Ans. You are too young to have a gun.

160. Combine the sentences using too/enough + infinitive.

The fire isn't very hot. It won't boil the kettle.

- i. The fire isn't hot enough to boil the kettle.
- ii. The fire isn't hot too to boil the kettle.
- iii. The fire isn't enough hot to boil the kettle.
- iv. The fire isn't too enough hot to boil the kettle.

Ans. The fire isn't too enough hot to boil the kettle.

161. Select the correct verb to fill in the blank.

All the players in my team..... done well.

- i. have
- ii. has
- iii. is
- iv. was

Ans. have

162. Select the correct verb to fill in the blank.

Oil and watermix.

- i. do not
- ii. does not
- iii. ought not
- iv. all of the above

Ans. do not

163. Select the correct verb to fill in the blank.

The assembly in session.

- i. is
- ii. am
- iii. are
- iv. none of the above

Ans. is

164. Select the correct verb to fill in the blank.

Either you or he mistaken.

- i. is
- ii. am
- iii. are
- iv. were

Ans. is

165. Fill in the blank with simple present tense form of the verb given in the bracket.

She always (remember) my birthday.

- i. remembered
- ii. remembers
- iii. is remembering
- iv. was remembering

Ans. remembers

166. Fill in the blank with present perfect form of verb.

Someone (break) the window.

- i. had broken
- ii. have broken
- iii. has broken
- iv. has been broken

Ans. has broken

167. Fill in the blank with present continuous tense form of the verb given in the bracket.

Vanita (do) some research in the library.

- i. is doing
- ii. am doing
- iii. are doing
- iv. doing

Ans. is doing

168. Fill in the blank with present perfect continuous tense form of the verb.

I (search) for a house for two months.

- i. has been searching
- ii. have been searching
- iii. had been searching
- iv. am searching

Ans. have been searching

169. Fill in the blank with simple past tense form of the verb given in the bracket.

He (play) for India last year.

- i. play
- ii. played
- iii. was playing
- iv. had played

Ans. played

170. Fill in the blank with past perfect form of verb.

The children (sleep) before I came home.

- i. had slept
- ii. had sleep
- iii. had sleeping
- iv. slept

Ans. had slept

171. Fill in the blank with pastcontinuous form of verb.

She (cook) when the telephone rang.

- i. is cooking
- ii. am cooking
- iii. was cooking
- iv. were cooking

Ans. was cooking

172. Fill in the blank with past perfect continuous form of verb.

We (wait) for you for two hours when you came.

- i. has been waiting
- ii. was waiting
- iii. had been waiting
- iv. were waiting

Ans. had been waiting

173. Fill in the blank with simple future form of verb.

You (earn) a lot of money.

- i. will be earning
- ii. will have earned
- iii. will earn
- iv. will have been earning

Ans. will earn

174. Fill in the blank with future perfect form of verb.

I (do) my work before you come.

- i. have done
- ii. had done
- iii. would have done
- iv. shall have done

Ans. shall have done

175. Fill in the blank with future continuous form of verb.

She..... (sing) then.

- i. is singing
- ii. was singing
- iii. will be singing
- iv. will sing

Ans. will be singing

176. Fill in the blank with future perfect continuous form of verb.

Ashok (live) in Japan for ten years.

- i. will live
- ii. will be living
- iii. have been living
- iv. will have been living

Ans. will have been living

177. Change the voice.

Meera helps the poor.

- i. The poor is helped by Meera.
- ii. The poor am helped by Meera.
- iii. The poor are helped by Meera.
- iv. Meera is helped by the poor.

Ans. The poor are helped by Meera.

178. Change the voice.

Rama lost his book.

- i. His book were lost by Rama.
- ii. His book were being lost by Rama.
- iii. His book was lost by Rama.
- iv. His book was being lost by Rama.

Ans. His book was lost by Rama.

179. Change the voice.

You will join the party.

- i. The party will join you.
- ii. The party will be joined by you.
- iii. The party will have been joined by you.
- iv. You will be joined by the party.

Ans. The party will be joined by you.

180. Tell the part of speech of underlined word.

He is a gentle person.

- i. adjective
- ii. adverb
- iii. verb
- iv. noun

Ans. adjective

181. Tell the part of speech of underlined word.

She dressed elegantly.

- i. pronoun
- ii. adverb
- iii. preposition
- iv. adjective

Ans. adverb

182. Change the voice.

They are playing hockey.

- i. Hockey is being played by them.
- ii. Hockey are being played by them.
- iii. Hockey was being played by them.
- iv. Hockey were being played by them.

Ans. Hockey is being played by them.

183. Change the voice.

I was preparing my lesson.

- i. My lesson is being prepared by me.
- ii. My lesson are being prepared by me.
- iii. My lesson was being prepared by me.
- iv. My lesson were being prepared by me.

Ans. My lesson was being prepared by me.

184. Change the voice.

She has torn my book.

- i. My book had been torn by her.
- ii. My book have been torn by her.
- iii. My book has been torn by her.
- iv. My book is been torn by her.

Ans. My book has been torn by her.

185. Change the voice.

She had made a frock.

- i. A frock has been made by her.
- ii. A frock have been made by her.

- iii. A frock will have been made by her.
- iv. A frock had been made by her.

Ans. A frock had been made by her.

186. Change the voice.

They will have caught the train.

- i. The train will have been caught by them.
- ii. The train will has been caught by them.
- iii. The train will had been caught by them.
- iv. The train have been caught by them.

Ans. The train will have been caught by them.

Very Short Questions

(Literature)

- 187. What made the narrator happy? (Value of Money)
- 188. What were the two features of Bell Computer that were being advertised on TV? (Value of Money)
- 189. Which two things did the narrator do to complete the chores? (Value of Money)
- 190. Why did the Bell employee advise the narrator to wait for a few more days? (Value of Money)
- 191. What was the cruel announcement made by the despotic leader? (The Aged Mother)
- 192. What did the mother drop along the way? (The Aged Mother)
- 193. Where did the farmer hide his mother? (The Aged Mother)
- 194. When and where was Ravidas born? (Saint Ravidas)
- 195. What was Ravidas in search of and why? (Saint Ravidas)
- 196. When did Swami Ramanand ask Ravidas to go back home? (Saint Ravidas)
- 197. What were the main points of Saint Ravidas' teachings? (Saint Ravidas)
- 198. Why did the farmer summon his sons? (The Old Sage and the Brothers)
- 199. What did Harry ask for? (The Old Sage and the Brothers)
- 200. Why did the sage snatch away the gifts from Harry and Raman? (The Old Sage and the Brothers)
- 201. What do you learn from the story 'The Old Sage and the Brothers'?
- 202. What is special about Bhangra? (The Punjab: A Glimpse)
- 203. Which states have benefitted from the Bhakra-Nangal Project? (The Punjab: A Glimpse)
- 204. What are Jalandhar and Ludhiana famous for? (The Punjab: A Glimpse)
- 205. Who compiled the holy Sri Guru Granth Sahib? (The Punjab: A Glimpse)
- 206. What was the owner charging for healthy puppies? (Charge for Love)
- 207. What problem did the lame puppy have? (Charge for Love)
- 208. Which puppy was chosen by the little boy and why? (Charge for Love)
- 209. Why did the shop owner agree to give the puppy for free? (Charge for Love)
- 210. What does Seema read on the internet? (Safety While Driving)
- 211. Who did Seema and Bhavya meet at the end of the road? (Safety While Driving)
- 212. How did the police counsel Seema and Bhavya? (Safety While Driving)
- 213. Who was Marco Polo? (Marco Polo)
- 214. Who accompanied Marco Polo during his visits? (Marco Polo)
- 215. Which features of the Chinese cities impressed Marco Polo? (Marco Polo)
- 216. After how many years did Marco Polo return to Venice? (Marco Polo)
- 217. Name the book that contains detailed stories about Marco's journeys. (Marco Polo)

(Poetry)

- 218. What does the Earth want from human beings? (The Earth Needs You)

219. 'But it's not very clever'. What according to the poet is not very clever? (The Earth Needs You)
220. What happens to the single-use plastic after it is thrown? Where does it end up? (The Earth Needs You)
221. What does the poet want you to cut down? (The Earth Needs You)
222. What is the poem about? (Don't Quit)
223. What does the poet mean by 'twists and turns'? (Don't Quit)
224. What does 'another blow' mean? (Don't Quit)
225. What is the condition of the books? (We Who Love Books)
226. What do you understand by the phrase 'timeless tales'? (We Who Love Books)
227. Who according to the poet will always be the lucky ones? (We Who Love Books)
228. Who are being referred to as 'Defenders of Borders'? (My Dear Soldiers)
229. What kind of weather conditions do the soldiers have to face? (My Dear Soldiers)
230. What do these great sons sacrifice for the nation? (My Dear Soldiers)

Writing Skills

Letter Writing

231. Write a letter to your friend informing him about your brother's marriage and inviting him.
232. Write a letter to your friend telling him why it is important to stop using single-use plastic.
233. Write a letter to your friend telling him/her about what steps you are taking to stay safe from Covid-19.
234. Write a letter to your younger brother congratulating him on his brilliant success.
235. Suppose you are Manjul. You live at 1806, 34D Chandigarh. Write a letter to your uncle requesting him to buy you a bicycle on your birthday.
236. Suppose you are Arnav. You live at 8, Lodhi Road Complex near JawaharLal Nehru Stadium, New Delhi. Your friend Niranjan has met with an accident. Write a letter to your friend to enquire about his condition.
237. Write an application to the Principal of a school asking for exemption from examination.
238. Write an application to the Principal asking for a school leaving certificate.

Notice Writing

239. You have lost a bag in your school. Write a notice about the loss giving the particulars of the bag. Also announce a reward for the finder.
240. You are Akshay Khanna. You are the Sports Captain of your school. Your school is organising sports day in a week's time. Write a notice for the students to be put up on the notice board to inform them about the date, time and venue of the sports day in 50 words.
241. You have found a purse lying in one of the school grounds. Write a notice asking the owner of the purse to contact you.
242. Your school is organising a trip to Delhi and Agra. You are the Secretary of the tour organising committee. Draft a notice asking the students to give their names to you.

Newspaper Headlines

243. PM Leaves for Texas

- 244. India Beats Australia in the Finals
- 245. Cyclone Hits Odissa: Hundreds Killed
- 246. Gold Rises Further
- 247. PM Launches New Education Policy
- 248. Government Fills 300 Posts of Teachers
- 249. Tsunami Hits Japan
- 250. CM Calls for Education Reform in Punjab
- 251. People Educated on Road Safety
- 252. Senior Party Member Quits
- 253. Husband Gets RI in Dowry Case
- 254. Earthquake Rocks Nepal
- 255. Defence Minister Reaches Moscow
- 256. 14 Year Old Claims to Have Cured Covid

Dialogue Writing

- 257. Write a dialogue to invite a friend for dinner.
- 258. Write a dialogue to decline an invitation for dinner.

Paragraph Writing

- 259. Write a paragraph on 'A School Picnic'.
- 260. Write a paragraph on 'Our School Library'.
- 261. Write a paragraph on 'An Indian Farmer'.

Story Writing

- 262. Write a story on 'Destiny of a Donkey'.
- 263. Write a story on 'The Moneylender and his Purse'.

Unseen Passage Comprehension

264. Early rising leads to health and happiness. The man who rises late can have a little rest in the course of the day. Anyone who lies in bed late is compelled to work till late hours in the evening. He has to go without the evening exercise which is so necessary for his health. In spite of all his efforts, his work will not produce as good results as that of an early riser. The reason for this is that he cannot take advantage of the refreshing morning hours. Some people say that the quiet hours of midnight are the best time for working. Several great thinkers say that they can write best only when they burn the midnight oil. Yet it is true to say that few men have a clear brain at midnight when the body needs rest and sleep. Those who work at that time soon ruin their health. Bad health must, in the long run, have a bad effect on the quality of their work.

Choose the correct option to answer each question:

- 1. What leads to health and happiness?
(a) late rising (b) brisk walk (c) early rising (d) long walk

Ans. early rising

2.What is a late riser compelled to do?

- (a) to work for a short while
- (b) to work early in the morning
- (c) to stop working at all
- (d) to work till late hours in the evening

Ans. to work till late hours in the evening

3.The man who rises late cannot take advantage of

- (a) the refreshing sunny hours
- (b) the refreshing midnight hours
- (c) the refreshing evening hours
- (d) the refreshing morning hours

Ans. the refreshing morning hours

4.The word 'essential' means -

- (a) compelled
- (b) advantage
- (c) necessary
- (d) ruin

Ans. necessary

265. "Brothers and sisters, the long night is at last drawing to a close. Miseries and sorrows are disappearing. Ours is a sacred country. She is gradually waking up, thanks to the fresh breeze all around. Are you prepared for all sacrifices for the sake of your mother-land? If you are, then you can rid the land of poverty and ignorance. You should develop a strong physique. You should shape your mind through study and meditation. Only then will victory be yours. I loved my motherland dearly before I went to America and England. After my return, every particle of the dust of this land seems sacred to me." Do you know who carried this message to the whole continent of Asia? It was Swami Vivekananda.

Choose the correct option to answer each question:

1. How can we rid the land of poverty and ignorance?

- (a) by fighting for our rights
- (b) by doing our duties
- (c) by making sacrifices for our family
- (d) by making sacrifices for the sake of our motherland

Ans. by making sacrifices for the sake of our motherland

2. How can you shape your mind?

- (a) through study
- (b) through meditation
- (c) neither (a) nor (b)
- (d) both (a) and (b)

Ans. both (a) and (b)

3. Where did Swami Vivekananda carry the message?

- (a) to the whole continent of Antarctica
- (b) to the whole continent of Asia
- (c) to the whole continent of Africa
- (d) to the whole continent of Europe

Ans. to the whole continent of Asia

4. India is gradually

- (a) waking up (b) sleeping (c) lagging behind (d) preparing for the war

Ans. waking up

266. Of all the trees of southern Asia, the banyan is unique, not only for the manner of its growth but for the area of shade it provides from the burning sun. Its close relationship with man has evolved over the years to make the banyan a popular meeting place, a focal point of worship and a source of practical materials for commerce. Known as 'the strangler fig' because of its unusual manner of growth, the banyan is an epiphyte or air plant that has its birth in the branches of a host tree and lives on airborne moisture and nutrients. Banyan seeds are deposited by birds, bats or monkeys in the rich soil collected in the crevices of host-tree branches. As the banyan grows, it sends aerial roots down the trunk of the supporting tree. In time, the roots that reach the ground choke the host tree by preventing its trunk from enlarging. The two best-known species of banyans are the Indian, one of the world's largest tropical trees; and the Chinese, a smaller species with fewer aerial roots.

Choose the correct option for the following questions:

1. Why is the banyan called the 'strangler fig'?

- (a) because it chokes the host tree
(b) because it chokes other trees
(c) because it chokes the drains
(d) Any of these three

Ans. because it chokes the host tree

2. In what ways is the banyan tree unique?

- (a) It is unique in the manner of its growth.
(b) It is unique in terms of the area of shade it provides.
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) Neither (a) nor

Ans. both (a) and (b)

3. The banyan tree is a popular meeting place because.....

- (a) it provides cool shade
(b) it provides sweet fruit
(c) it provides a focal point of worship
(d) none of these three

Ans. it provides cool shade

4. The antonym of the word 'enlarging' is.....

- (a) enhancing (b) following (c) contracting (d) forgiving

Ans. contracting

267. The coronavirus pandemic is upending life on a global level. While on one hand people across India and around the world are trying to protect themselves from the virus, on the other hand doctors, healthcare workers, medical staff members, policemen and others on the frontline duty are leading the battle against COVID 19 with dedication. Putting their own lives at risk with selfless determination for the sake of saving lives, they truly are our heroes in these challenging times. While they are putting their own

health, families, and most importantly their own lives at risk, the least we can do is to appreciate their efforts and support them by taking proper precautions and following guidelines for preventing the spread.

Choose the correct option:

1. Life is upending on a global level due to.....

- (a) doctors (b) people around the world (c) coronavirus (d) medical staff.

Ans. coronavirus

2. What are people trying to do across the world?

- (a) They are trying to protect themselves from police.
(b) They are trying to put their life in danger.
(c) They are trying to protect themselves from coronavirus.
(d) Both (a) and (b).

Ans. They are trying to protect themselves from coronavirus.

3. People who are on frontline duty putting their own lives at risk because of:

- (a) financial motives (b) pressure from government
(c) selfless determination for sake of saving lives (d) all of these

Ans. selfless determination for sake of saving lives

4. We can show gratitude to frontline warriors against Covid-19 by:

- (a) paying their fees
(b) by donating money for them
(c) by appreciating their efforts and support and following guidelines for prevention of Covid-19
(d) both (a) and (b)

Ans. by appreciating their efforts and

268. Pandit Jawahar Lal Nehru was my favourite leader. He was the first Prime Minister of free India. He was one of the greatest statesmen of his age. He was born on 14th November 1889 at Allahabad. His father was Pt. Moti Lai Nehru. He was a great barrister. Jawahar Lal was the only son of his parents. He was brought up like a prince amidst riches. He was sent to England for higher studies. Having finished his education there, he returned to India and became a lawyer. When he came in touch with Mahatma Gandhi, he became his disciple. He was fond of children. They called him, "Chacha Nehru". That is why his birthday is celebrated as the "Children's Day." He fought for the cause of the poor. He died on 27th May, 1964, India lost a great son and a leader.

Choose the correct option:

1. When was Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru born?

- a) 14 November 1989
b) 14 December 1889
c) 14 November 1889
d) 14 November 1879

Ans. 14 November 1889

2. Where was Jawaharlal Nehru sent for higher education?

- a) South Africa

- b) America
- c) England
- d) None of the above

Ans. England

3. What was Gandhiji's influence on JawaharLal Nehru?

- a) He became his follower.
- b) He did not like him
- c) He became his friend
- d) None of the above

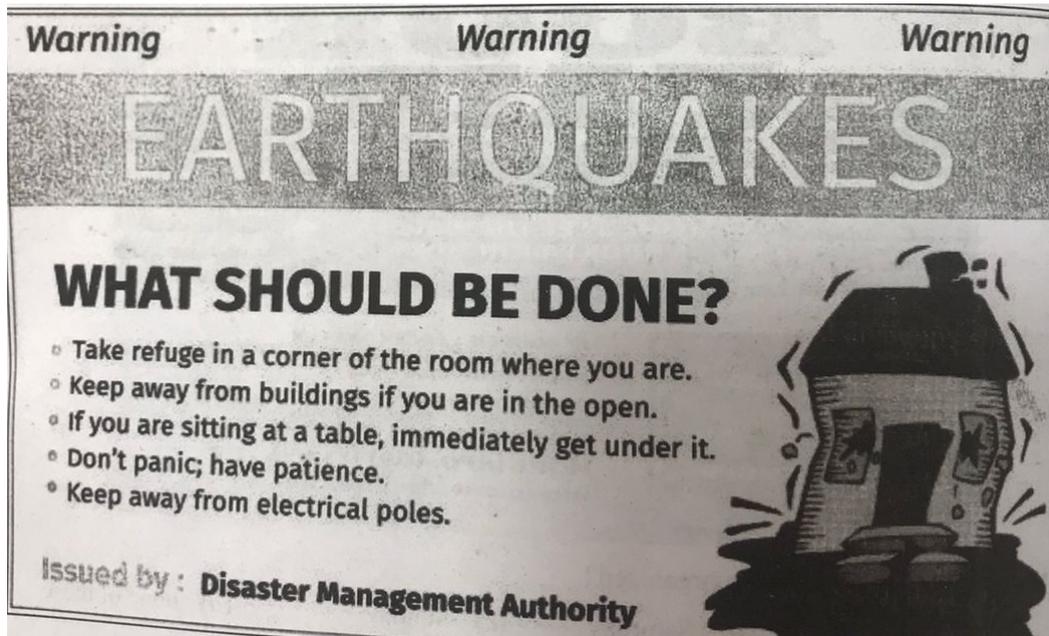
Ans. He became his follower.

4. Why was he called ChachaNehru?

- a) because he was a great man
- b) because he was very helpful
- c) because he was very fond of children
- d) because he was very kind

Ans. because he was very fond of children

269. Look at the poster and answer the questions that follow.



v. What does this poster signify?

- a) tsunami's causes b) safety during earthquake
- c) flood's reasons d) none of the above

Ans. safety during earthquake

ii. If in the open, what should we do when the earthquake occurs?

- a) sit on chair b) take it easy c) keep ourselves away from building d) stay there

Ans. keep ourselves away from building

iii. Don't panic; have.....

- a) bravery b) politeness c) anxiety d) patience

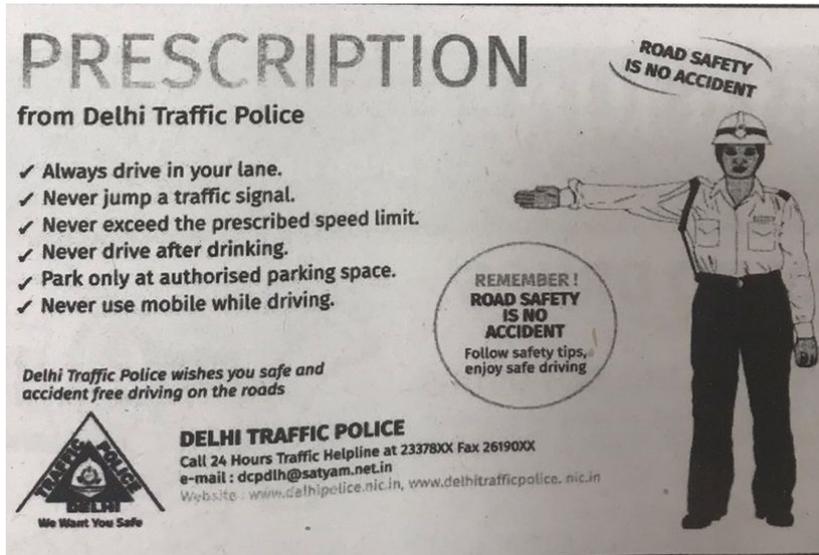
Ans. patience

iv. We should keep ourselves away from electrical

- a) wires b) switches c) board d) none of the above

Ans. none of the above

270. Look at the poster and answer the questions that follow.



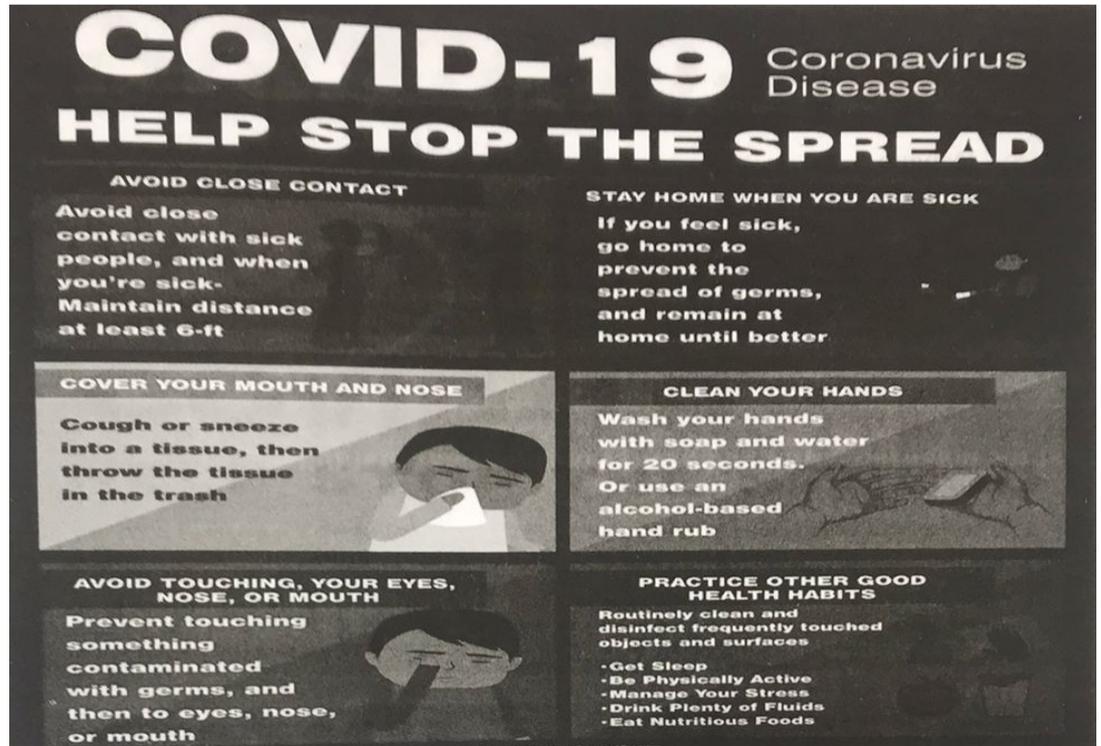
- i. **What is the poster about?**
 a) trafficking b) traffic rules c) school dresses d) directions
Ans. traffic rules
- ii. **What should you do while driving?**
 a) drive in your lane b) drive after drinking c) drive rashly d) disobey rules
Ans. drive in your lane
- iii. **Road safety is no**
 a) protection b) rules c) accident d) space
Ans. accident
- iv. **What does Delhi Traffic Police wish?**
 a) safe driving b) fast driving c) rash driving d) continuous driving
Ans. safe driving

271. Look at the poster and answer the questions that follow.



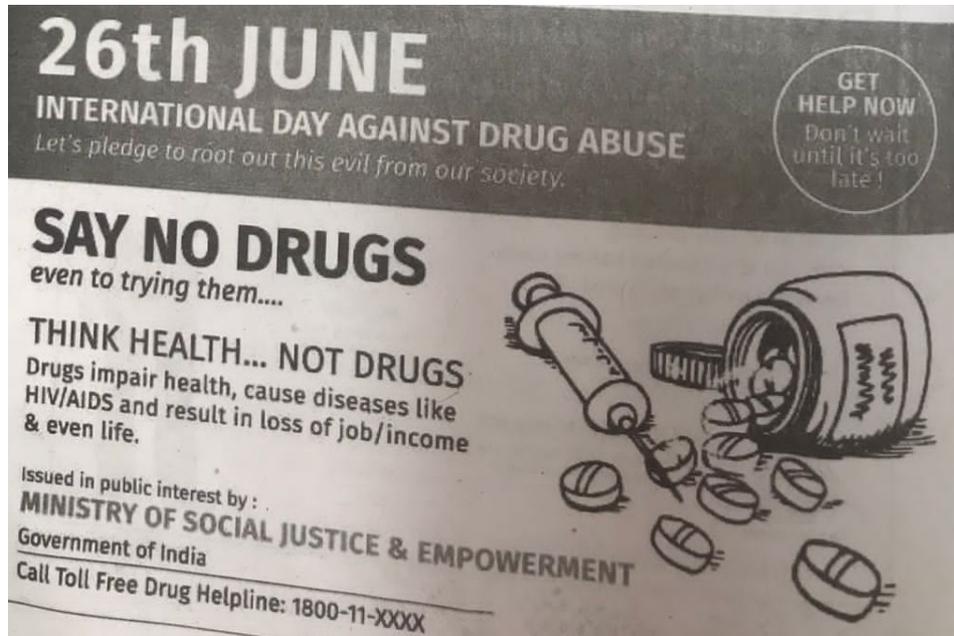
- i. **The main purpose of this poster is:**
a) save water b) save earth c) save population d) save deserts
Ans. save earth
- ii. **What are turning into deserts?**
a) fisheries b) forests c) grasslands d) croplands
Ans. grasslands
- iii. **What should we do to save the earth?**
a) join the green movement
b) cut the forests
c) ruin the fisheries
d) spread pollution
Ans. join the green movement
- iv. **Find out the synonym of fertilizer used in poster.**
a) ailing b) wastelands c) urbanisation d) manure
Ans. manure

272. Look at the poster and answer the questions that follow.



- i. **Avoid close contact with**
a) children b) friends c) sick people d) aged people
Ans. sick people
- ii. **When should one cover one's mouth and nose?**
a) when one coughs b) when one sneezes
c) both (a) and (b) d) neither (a) nor (b)
Ans. both (a) and (b)
- iii. **One should wash hands for seconds.**
a) 10 b) 20 c) 30 d) 40
b) Ans. 20
- iv. **What are some good health habits one should follow?**
a) get sleep b) drink plenty of fluids
c) eat nutritious foods d) all of the above
Ans. all of the above

273. Look at the poster and answer the questions that follow.



i. **What is the importance of 26th June?**

- a) anti-abuse day b) anti-drug day
- c) anti-justice day d) anti-empowerment day

Ans. anti-drug day

ii. **What do drugs cause?**

- a) HIV/AIDS b) loss of job c) loss of life d) all of the above

Ans. all of the above

iii. **Who issued the guidelines?**

- a) Ministry of Health
- b) Ministry of Finance
- c) Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment
- d) Ministry of Education

Ans. Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment

iv. **Find out the antonym of gain from the poster.**

- a) pledge b) get c) cause d) loss

Ans. loss